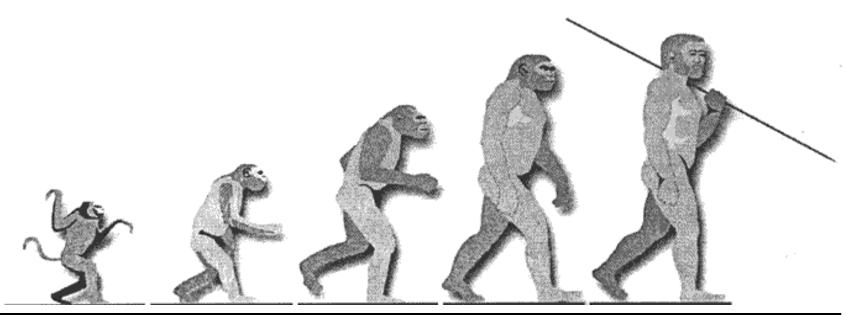
Evolution of CSR: Corporate responses to the new mandate

Sudhir K Sinha 9th March 2017, Ahmedabad

Corporate Social Responsibility

- CSR is a way to do business.
- CSR is an evolving market based response to a number of wide ranging challenges that businesses currently face.
- CSR is about business going beyond the legal/tax obligations to manage the impact they have on the environment and society.
- CSR is a business strategy there is strategic advantage to a company.

CSR: Business Evolution Toward Sustainability



From profit focus, a company exist only for short-term shareholder profit

For philanthrop y, passive donations to charities when requested

To community affairs, strategic giving linked to business interests (includes cause-related marketing)

To corporate community investment, strategic partnerships initiated by company

To Sustainable
Business, integrated
into business
functions, goals,
strategy.

Key Issues in CSR

Labour rights:

- child labour
- forced labour
- right to collective bargaining
- safety and health

Environmental conditions

- water & air emissions
- climate change

Human rights

- political influence against voices/concerns
- connivance in conflict/weak zones
- complicity in extra-judicial killings

Poverty Alleviation

- job creation
- livelihood enhancement
- Skills
- Education & health







Photo: Damien Lewis

CSR Models

Shareholder Model – A conservative business model Ethical/philanthropic Model – A traditional perspective Statist Model – Compliance Emerging global Perspective – Stakeholder model

CSR Post 2014

Major positive impact:

- 1. ; Companies are forced by law
- 2. Approx. 8000 companies with approx. 15-20 K Cr

Ground Reality Check:

Humble beginning, a long way to go

Compliance, the leading driver – Desi & MNCs

Spend centric

Under CFOs, Company Secys and Legal Counsels than CSR Heads

Transactional CSR: fragmented, piecemeal approach; No focus on impacts

Regional bias

Sectoral preferences: Education, skill dev, Swachha Bharat & Infrastructure development

Paradigm shift: Emerging trends

Shareholders to 'stakeholders'
Charity to 'strategic/social justice philanthropy'
Voluntary to 'mandatory'

'Fair weather approach' to 'core business practice' 'Social Mask' to 'DNA of the Business'

The Global Perspectives — Developed Nations

| Country | Explanation of CSR |
|---------|---|
| USA | CSR is seen as taking personal responsibility by business for its actions and impacts on the society. Companies and employees must undergo a personal transformation, re examine their roles, their responsibilities and increase their level of accountability. Traditionally in the US, CSR has been defined much more in terms of philanthropic model. |
| Europe | Focused much on operating the business in a socially responsible manner, complemented by investment in communities for solid business reasons. |
| Japan | Participatory model- CSR is exemplified by business, communities and governments working together to solve the problems of community with a holistic approach, well beyond charity and philanthropy. |

The Global Perspectives — Developing Nations

| Country | Explanation of CSR |
|-------------|--|
| Brazil | Focuses on commitment to strive for the best economic development for the community, to respect workers and build their capacities, to protect the environment and to help create frameworks where ethical business can prosper. |
| Ghana | CSR is interpreted as capacity building for sustainable livelihoods. Emphasis on building the skills of employees, the community and the Government. Signifies respect for cultural differences. |
| Philippines | > CSR is about business giving back to society |

Game changers: Laws/Standards/Guidelines

- Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013
- NVGs (National standard)
- ISO 26000 (Global voluntary standards)
- OECD guidelines for MNCs
- Sullivan Principles
- Equator Principles
- UNGC
- UNGPs

The Future of CSR in India: Leading Trends

- 1. Accountability & Transparency
- 2. Addressing unfinished agenda of MDGs; alignment with SDGs
- 3. Transformational CSR a unified approach to create lasting impacts
- 4. Collaborations & Partnership for complementing and supplementing
- Social justice philanthropy remove poverty, unemployment & inequalities
- 6. Human Rights: a new paradigm